## THE STATUS OF AQUACULTURE IN SOME PERIURBAN COMMUNITIES OF HCMC ASSESSED

BY PCA METHOD

## Binh My Commune, Cu Chi District



\* Farmer culture fish with family scale and mainly for own their family

\* The main of aquaculture activities are fish culture, water spinach, and lotus.

\* The urbanization projects influence very few to farmer agriculture activities

because Binh My commune is a reserve of agriculture area in the future.

\* Area for aquaculture is too little compare with agriculture area.

\* Farmer usually use the aquaculture products for their meals.

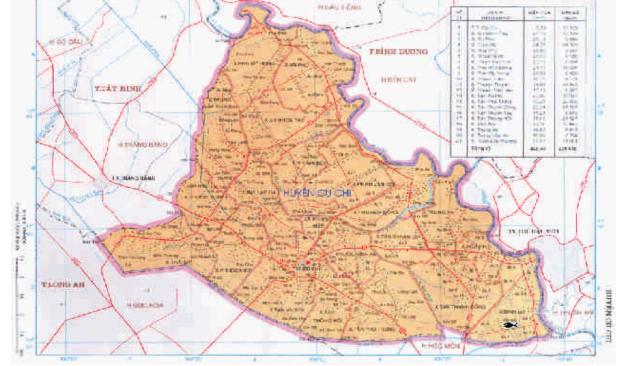
\* Every 10 years, farmer get big troubles because of high flooding.

\* Water environment pollution is not worth mentioning.

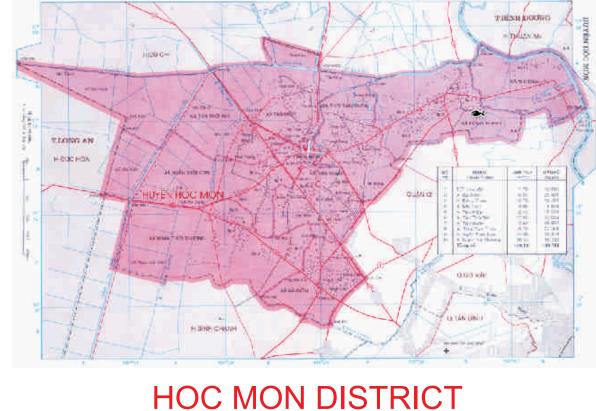
\* Farmer often contact skin and fungus on nail disease.

\* Aquaculture is distributed over the village in Binh My commune.



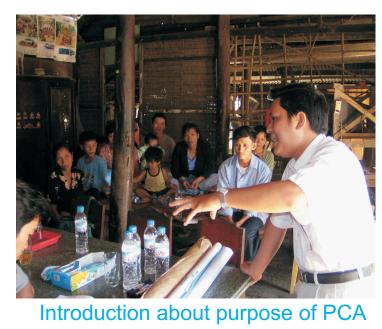


TLONG AN





Fish pond







and source of supply in the year their activities

\* 90% farmers is at medium and better off.



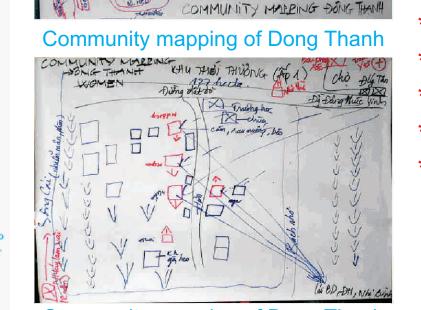




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**CU CHI DISTRICT** THÀNH PHỐ HỔ CHÍ MINH 85





\* Village 1 and 4 are in the agriculture conserved area in the future,



- The main agriculture activities are rice, fish, water spinach and lotus.
- The supplied water source is well, but farmers found the pollution form industry factory.
- Aquaculture products are an important part of farmers living.
- The capital and technology are the most difficulties.
- Then, input and output are other farmer's difficulties.
- \* In general, almost farmer don't get the disease.
- \* Dairy cow is the best choice compare to all the agriculture activities.

## Da Phuoc Commune, Binh Chanh District



rather old in the family.

\* Lotus is also cultivated but less commonly.



\* Majority of households in this village practice aquaculture as their main activity.

\* Production scale is small, products are mainly consumed by farmer. In most of

the case, household usually have many members working with different

occupations and the person who is involved directly to farming activities is

\* Potential sources of water pollution are now fewer than Phong Phu commune.

\* Price and availability of labor for agriculture is first problem for them.

\* Higher income households have little contact with public health stations.

\* Women sometimes participate in agriculture and aquaculture production.

\* They work mainly in the morning. For fish, they spend relatively less time

\* They need technology support in the form of training.

\* Skin diseases are quite common in the community.

\* Aquaculture products are important part in their meals.







HO CHI MINH CITY







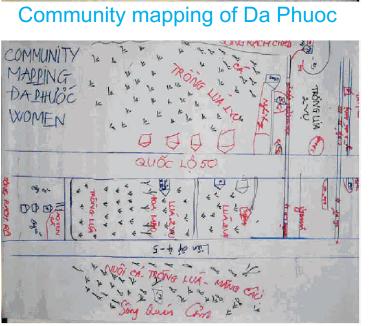
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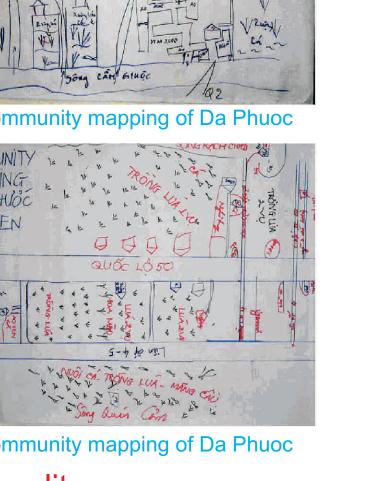
Seasonal calendar of Phong Phu

At this village, there is 50 % households are involved in aquaculture. Production models are: fish culture, seed production, mimosa water culture, rice-fish culture. \* Water source is seriously polluted.

- Fish disease appears because of water pollution, so farmer need support on
- - technique of preventive and corrigible fish disease.
- Economic condition of people in the village is assessed as medium level, 50% household improve their life by aquaculture.
- Women participate more lotus and mimosa water culture.
- \* Skin disease is popular, but it isn't problem for them.
- \* Every year, agriculture and aquaculture production is affected by flooding.
- \* Aquaculture products are also consumed everyday by farmers.
- \* Relocation programming is difficult for farmer at the present and in the near future.
- \* The farmers are mainly work in the morning.







Community mapping of Da Phuoc



