

## AQUATIC PRODUCTION SYSTEMS IN PERI-URBAN OF HO CHI MINH CITY: PAPUSSA STUDIES

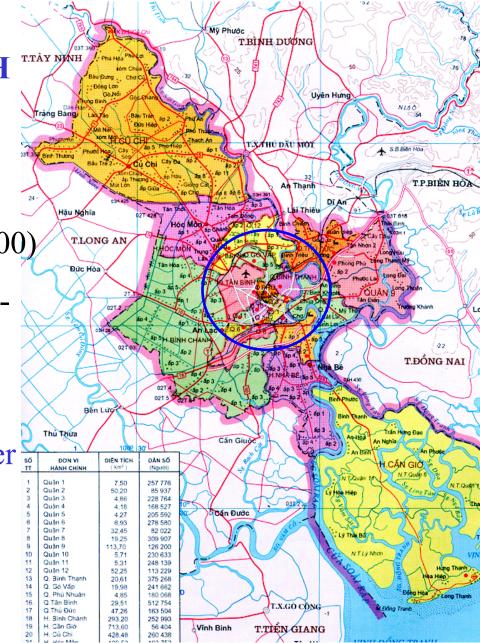
## Le Thanh Hung & Huynh Pham Viet Huy Faculty of Fisheries University of Agriculture and Forestry Vietnam

## MAP OF HO CHI MINH CITY

Biggest city of Vietnam

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- Population over 5.5 millions (2000)
- Agricultural land is still high (60-70%)
- Urbanization speed up recently
- Aquatic production systems cover a large area of HCM peri-urban to profit land and water available



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#### AQUATIC PRODUCTION SYSTEMS IN PERI-URBAN OF HCM

Aquatic production systems in Periurban 2 types:

- Wastewater fed systems: in wetland, flooded area prone to be polluted with sewage (mainly in South, South West).
- Non wastewater fed systems: in upland area (mainly in North and North East)

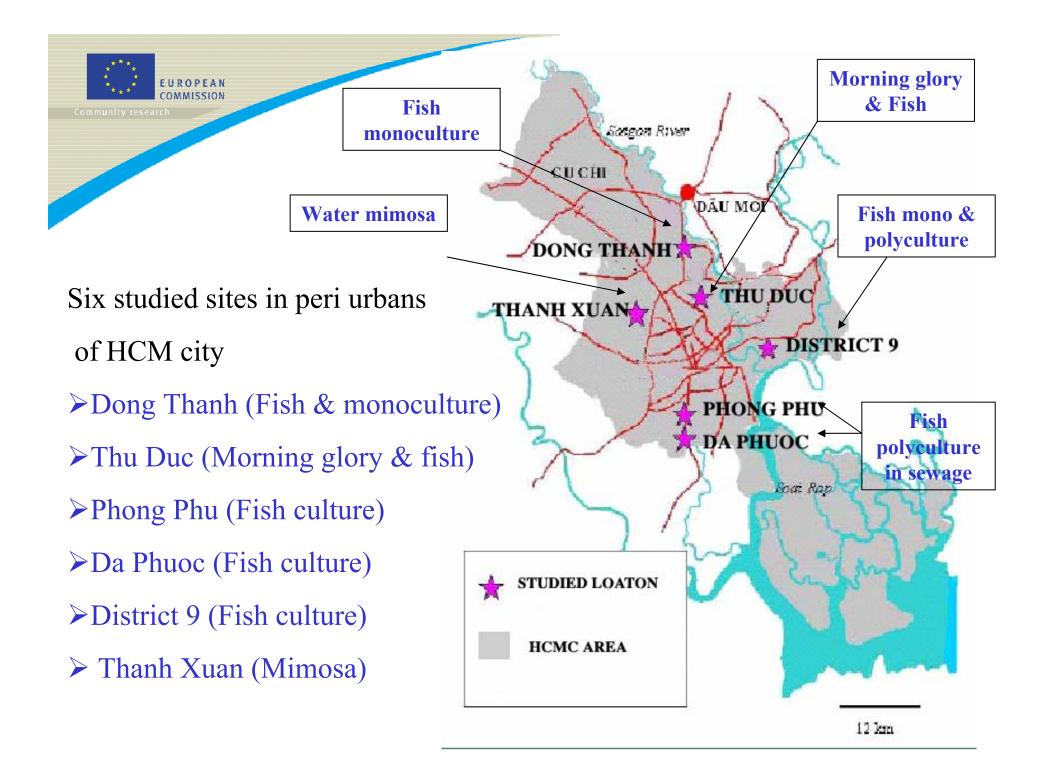


#### Production systems:

• Fish: Tilapia, common carp, Panga catfish, hybrid Clarias, Indian carps, Kissing gouramy, Ornamental fish

Aquatic plants: Morning glory, Mimosa, Lotus, Duckweed

Aquatic production systems are useful for poor peoples who tolerate urbanization and pollution.





#### AQUATIC PRODUCTION SYSTEMS IN NON-WASTEWATER OF HCM

Six aquatic production systems of non using wastewater

- ≻Fish monoculture
- ≻Fish polyculture
- ≻Fish seed production
- ≻Ornamental fish
- ≻Morning glory
- ≻Water mimosa



#### Fish pond 10 km from city center





#### AQUATIC PRODUCTION SYSTEMS IN WASTEWATER OF HCM

Six aquatic production systems using wastewater:

- Fish seed production in wastewater
- Morning glory wastewater
- Fish polyculture in sewage
- Fish monoculture in sewage
- Fish and lotus integration





#### Mimosa culture in wastewater in peri-urban





## Mimosa cultivation 10 km from city center



Morning glory cultivation in dispersed wastewater, 6 km from city center



## Seed production of Tilapia in sewage fed ponds in peri urbans of HCM city

Highly effective production system of Tilapia using sewage to develop natural food in ponds

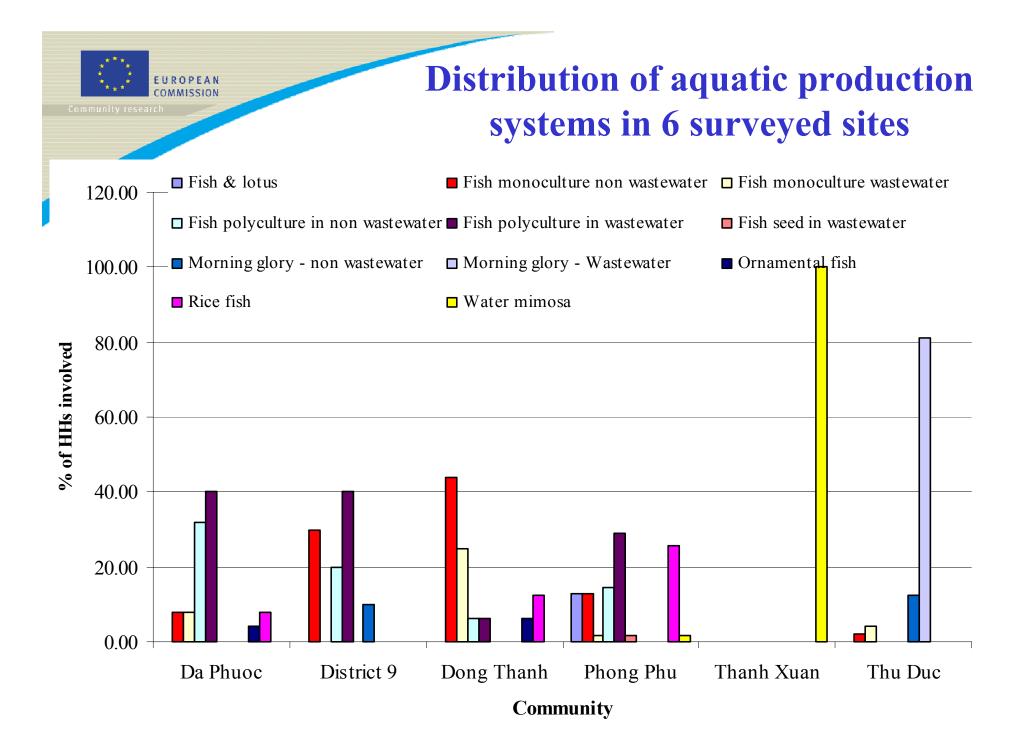
Tilapia seed supplies to Mekong delta, North Vietnam and Cambodia







Duckweed cultivation in wastewater 7 km from the city center



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Community research	Production system	Average (m <sup>2</sup> )	S.D
	Duck weed	7,000.00	0.00
	Fish & lotus	13,860.00	11,410.54
Surface	Fish monoculture non wastewater	8,447.50	9,490.01
Area	Fish monoculture wastewater	3,761.31	2,261.57
of Different Production Systems	Fish polyculture in non wastewater	5,759.83	4,878.42
	Fish polyculture in wastewater	8,619.65	7,570.88
	Fish seed in non wastewater	8,500.00	9,192.39
	Fish seed in wastewater	18,333.33	11,150.49
	Morning glory - non wastewater	7,850.00	11,552.62
	Morning glory - Wastewater	4,021.19	2,662.72
	Ornamental fish	6,250.00	1,060.66
	Rice fish	7,500.00	7,088.72
	Water mimosa	5,769.32	6,430.36

Surface area of production categories in aquatic production systems in periurbans of HCM city

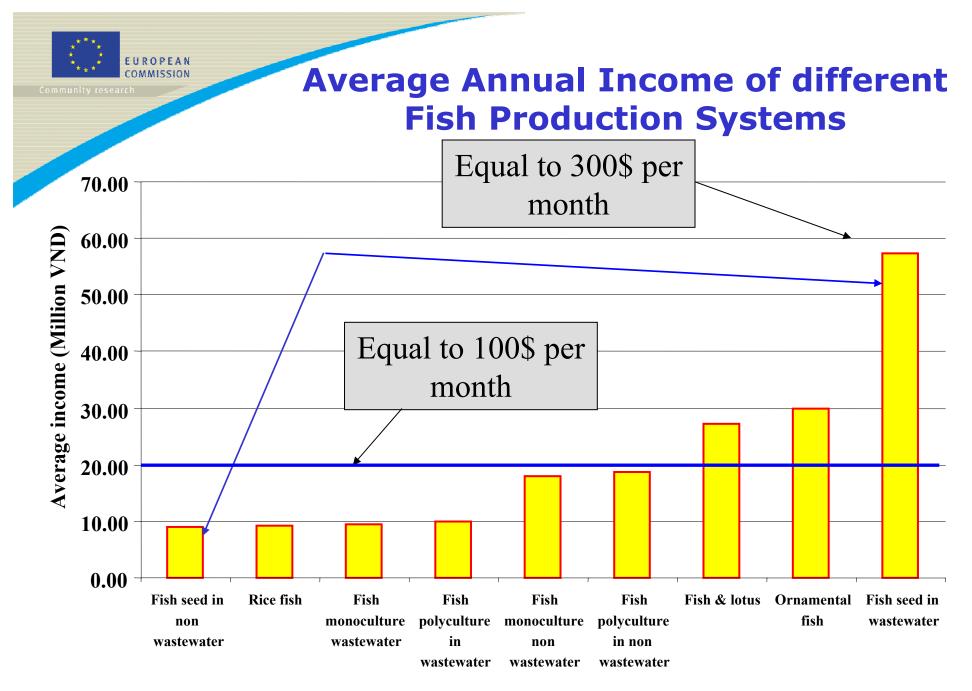
Production category	Average	S.D
Aquatic plants	5,528.20	6,381.13
Fish	7,281.95	8,054.99
Fish & aquatic plants	10,140.00	10,557.88
Rice fish culture	9,722.22	9,292.71

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## LAND OWNERSHIP BY COMMUNITY

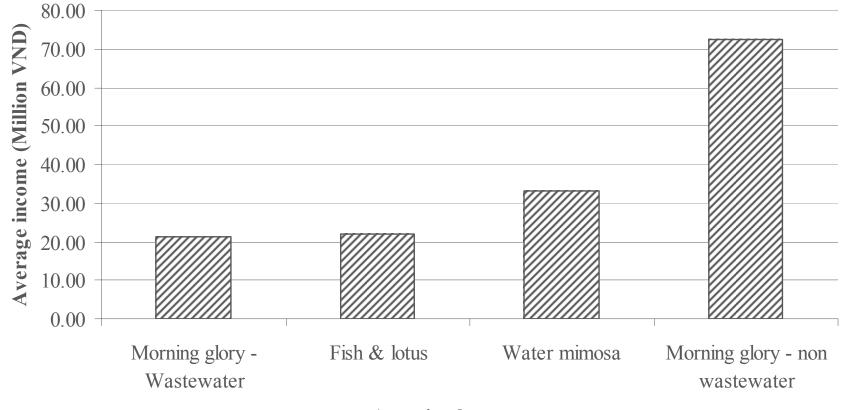
	Owned		Rented in from others		Rented out to others		Common property resource	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Da Phuoc	25	100.00	1	4.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
District 9	10	100.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Dong Thanh	16	100.00	1	6.25	0	0.00	1	6.25
Phong Phu	55	100.00	3	5.45	0	0.00	0	0.00
Thanh Xuan	15	34.88	35	81.40	2	4.65	1	2.33
Thu Duc	36	75.00	28	58.33	0	0.00	1	2.08



Fish production system

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#### **Average Annual Income of different Aquatic Plant Production Systems**



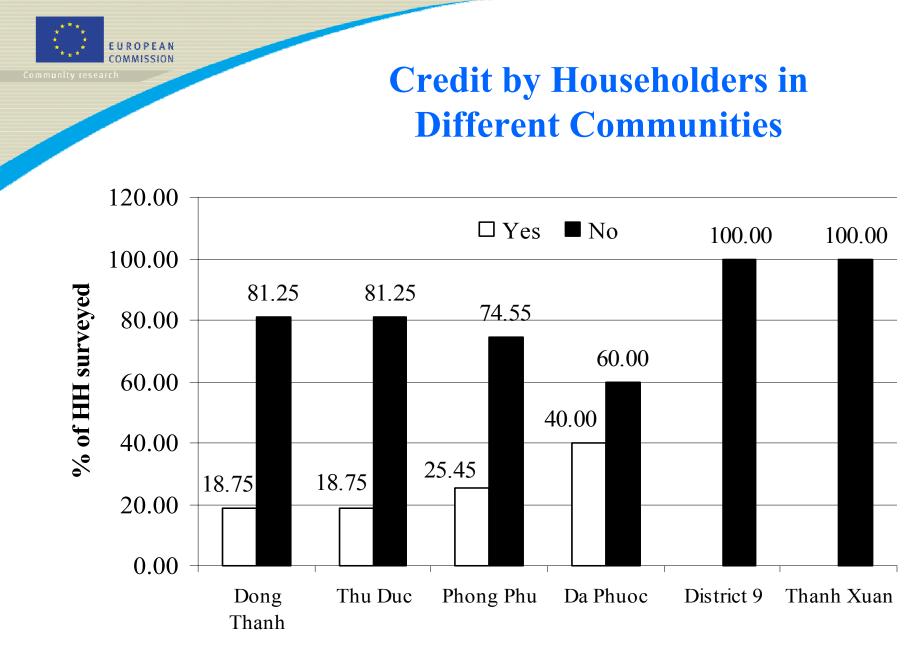
Aquatic plant systems

# Contribution of fish and vegetable in householders' income

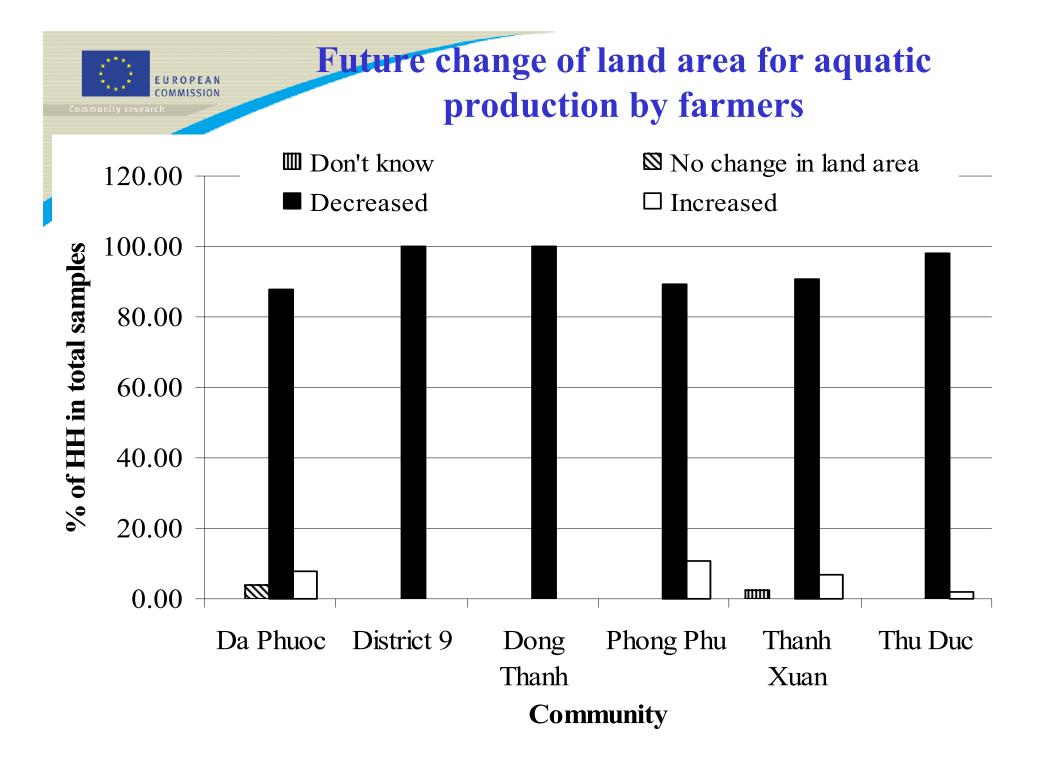
	% aquatic plant farming contribution			% fish farming contribution		
Villages	Average	Min.	Max.	Average	Min.	Max.
Dong Thanh	-	-	-	47.5	10	100
Thu Duc	70.85	10	100	38.75	0	80
Phong Phu	40.36	5	80	67.02	10	100
Da Phuoc	47.5	25	70	68.2	20	100
District 9	35	20	50	65.56	30	100
Thanh Xuan	93.77	20	100	-	-	-

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Nearly 50-60% householders' income came from aquatic production systems in peri-urbans of HCMC



Community



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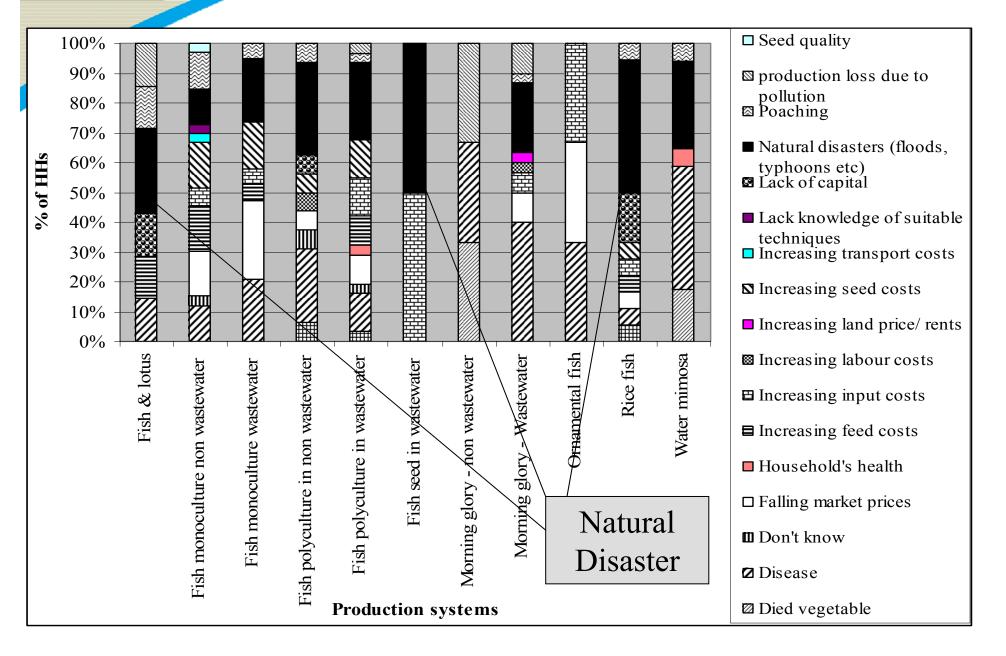
Threats for future development of systems

- > Seed quality
- Pollution
- > Poaching
- > Natural disaster (flooding, disease outbreak)
- > Lack of capital
- > Increasing transport cost
- > Increasing seed cost
- Increasing land price/rent price
- Increase input cost (feed cost)
- Household's health

#### **Threats for future development of systems**

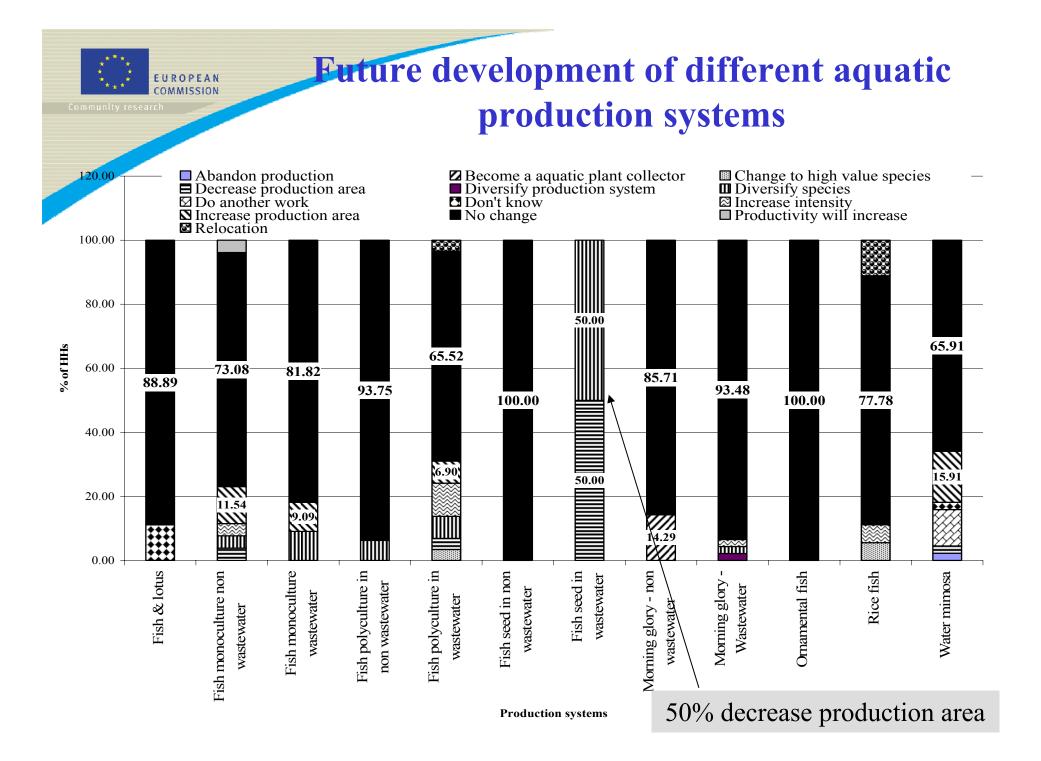
Community research

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Future development of different aquatic production systems

- Abandon production
- Decrease the production
- Do another work
- Increase the production area
- Relocation
- Diversify the production
- Become vegetable or fish collector
- Don't know
- Not change the production
- Change to high valued species
- Increase intensification





Aquatic production systems are still kept important in livehoods of involved farmers

>2-3 income activities in farmer family except Thanh Xuan shows that aquatic production systems are not their main income

➤ High income in fish seed production, ornamental fish and morning glory systems mainly in specialized systems

The most concern for aquatic productions systems is natural disaster (flood, pest...)

➢ For future development of the systems, most farmers want diversify the systems to make profit and reduce the risk

# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION